

مثالها

مثال) عبارت های زیر را به حاصلضرب تبدیل کنید (قابل محاسبه لگاریتمی).

1) $A = \sin 7x + \sin 3x$

2) $A = \sin 4\alpha + \sin 4\beta$

3) $A = \sin(2x + y) + \sin(x + 2y)$

4) $A = \sin 5x - \sin x$

5) $A = \sin(3x + y) - \sin(x + 3y)$

6) $A = \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} - \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$

7) $A = \cos 10x + \cos 4x$

8) $A = \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

9) $A = \cos 5\alpha + \cos 5\beta$

10) $A = \cos 12x - \cos 6x$

11) $A = \cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \cos\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

12) $A = \cos 6\alpha - \cos 6\beta$

13) $A = \tan 7x + \tan x$

14) $A = \tan 6x - \tan 2x$

15) $A = \tan\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \tan\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

16) $A = \cot g 3x + \cot gx$

17) $A = \cot g 7x - \cot g 8x$

18) $B = \frac{\sin x + \sin 3x + \sin 5x + \sin 7x}{\cos x + \cos 3x + \cos 5x + \cos 7x}$

19) $A = \sin x + \cos x$

20) $B = \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta - 1$

21) $D = 1 + \cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos(\alpha + \beta)$

22) $A = \cot g^2 x - 3$

23) $A = 2 - \sin^2 \alpha - \sin^2 2\alpha - \sin^2 3\alpha - \sin^2 4\alpha$

24) $A = \sin 13x + 3 \sin 11x + 3 \sin 9x + \sin 7x$

25) $A = \sin \alpha + \sin 3\alpha + \sin 9\alpha - \sin 5\alpha$

26) $A = \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 2\alpha + \cos^2 3\alpha - \frac{3}{2}$

27) $A = \cos x + 2 \cos 2x + \cos 3x$

28) $A = \sin \alpha + 2 \sin 2\alpha + \sin 3\alpha$

29) $A = \cos^2(\alpha + \beta) - \sin^2 \alpha$

30) $A = 1 + \cos \alpha + \cos 2\alpha$

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$$31) A = \frac{\cos\left(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)}{\cot g\alpha - \cot g \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$32) A = \sin^2 70 - \cos^2 50$$

$$33) A = \tan^2 3x - \tan^2 2y$$

$$34) A = \sin 2\alpha \tan \alpha + \cos 2\alpha$$

$$35) A = 2 \sin^2 \alpha + \sqrt{3} \sin 2\alpha - 1$$

$$36) A = \cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma + \cos(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$

$$37) A = \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 2\alpha + \cos^2 3\alpha + \cos^2 4\alpha - 2$$

$$38) A = \sin x + \sin y + \sin(x + y)$$

$$39) \cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma + \cos(\alpha + \beta + \gamma) = 4 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\beta + \gamma}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\gamma + \alpha}{2}$$

$$40) A = \frac{\cos \alpha + 2 \cos 2\alpha + \cos 3\alpha}{\sin \alpha + 2 \sin 2\alpha + \sin 3\alpha}$$

$$41) A = \frac{\cos 3\alpha - \cos 5\alpha}{\cos 3\alpha + \cos 5\alpha} - \frac{\cos 2\alpha - \cos 4\alpha}{\cos 2\alpha + \cos 4\alpha}$$

$$42) A = \frac{\sin \alpha + \sin 3\alpha}{\sin 4\alpha} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\sin 2\alpha}$$

$$43) A = \cos(\alpha + \beta) \cdot \cos \gamma + \cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma - \sin(\alpha + \beta) \sin \gamma$$

$$44) A = \sin a + \sin b + \sin c - \sin(a + b + c)$$

$$45) A = 1 + 2 \sin \alpha - \cos 2\alpha$$

$$46) A = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \beta}{(\cos \alpha + \cos \beta)^2}$$

$$47) A = \frac{2 \sin 2x - 1}{2 \sin 2x + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$48) A = \frac{\cot^2 \theta + 9 \tan^2 \theta - 6}{\cot^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta + 2}$$

$$49) A = \frac{1 - \sin y + \cos y}{1 + \sin y + \cos y}$$

$$50) A = (\sin x + \sin 2x + \sin 3x)^3 - \sin^3 x - \sin^3 2x - \sin^3 3x$$

مثال (درستی هر یک از تساوی های زیر را بررسی کنید .

$$51) \frac{\sin(a-b)}{\sin a \cdot \sin b} + \frac{\sin(b-c)}{\sin b \cdot \sin c} + \frac{\sin(c-a)}{\sin c \cdot \sin a} = 0$$

$$52) \sin 10 + \sin 50 - \sin 70 = 0$$

$$53) \cos 20 + \cos 100 + \cos 140 = 0$$

$$54) \cos 47 - \cos 61 - \cos 11 + \cos 25 = \sin 7$$

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55) $\sin 87 - \sin 59 - \sin 93 + \sin 61 = \sin 1$

56) $\tan 30 + \tan 40 + \tan 50 + \tan 60 = \frac{8 \cos 20}{\sqrt{3}}$

57) $\sin^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \beta = \sin(\alpha + \beta) \cdot \sin(\alpha - \beta)$

58) $\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \beta = \cos(\alpha + \beta) \cos(\alpha - \beta)$

59) $\sin x - \cos x = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

60) $\sin^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \beta + \sin^2(\alpha - \beta) = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta \cdot \sin(\alpha - \beta)$

61) $\sin\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sqrt{3} \cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 2 \sin 2x$

62) $\sin 75 - \sqrt{3} \cos 75 - 1 = -4 \sin(7.5) \cos(22.5)$

63) $\cos 80 + \cos 40 - \cos 20 = 0$

64) $\tan(11^\circ, 15') + \tan(33^\circ, 45') = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2 \cos(11^\circ, 15') \cos(33^\circ, 45')}$

65) $\cos 36 + \sin 36 = \sqrt{2} \cos 9$

66) $\tan 55 + \tan 35 + 2 = \frac{4 \sin^2 80}{\sin 70}$

67) $\cot g \frac{x}{2} - \cot gx = \frac{1}{\sin x}$

68) $\frac{1}{\sin x} + \frac{1}{\sin 2x} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sin 2^n x} = \frac{\sin\left(2^n - \frac{1}{2}\right)x}{\sin 2^n x \cdot \sin \frac{x}{2}}$

69) $1 + \frac{1}{4} \sin^2 2\alpha - \sin^2 \beta - \cos^4 \alpha = \sin(\alpha + \beta) \sin(\alpha - \beta)$

70) $\tan 81 - \tan 27 - \tan 63 + \tan 9 = 4$ 71) $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2} - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$

72) $\tan \alpha + \tan \beta + \tan \gamma - \frac{\sin(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} = \tan \alpha \cdot \tan \beta \cdot \tan \gamma$

73) $1 + \sqrt{3} \cos a + \cos 2a = 4 \cos a \cdot \cos \frac{a+30^\circ}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{a-30^\circ}{2}$

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74) $\sin 2x(1 + \tan x \cdot \tan 2x) = \tan 2x$

75) $\frac{\tan 3x + \tan x}{\tan 3x - \tan x} = 2 \cos 2x$

76) $\cos 10 - \cos 130 + \cos 110 = 2 \sin 40$

77) $2 \cos 32 - \tan \frac{\pi}{3} = -4 \sin 31 \sin 179$

78) $\cos^2(x + y) + \cos^2(x - y) - \cos 2x \cos 2y = 1$

79) $\sin\left(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sin(\alpha + 3\pi) + \sin\left(\alpha + \frac{5\pi}{3}\right) = 0$

80) $\sin^2 x + \sin^2 2x + \sin^2 4x - \frac{3}{2} = -2 \cos 2x \cdot \cos(30 + 3x) \cos(30 - 3x)$

81) $\frac{\sin a + \sin 3a}{\sin 4a} - \frac{\sin a}{\sin 2a} = \frac{2 \sin a}{\sin 4a}$

مثال 82) اگر $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x + \sin 3x + \cos 3x$ باشد، آنگاه $\frac{f(x)}{\cos x}$ را بدست آورید .

مثال 83) اگر x و y دو کمان نامساوی در فاصله $(0, \pi)$ باشند و $\sin x - \sin y = \sin \frac{x-y}{2}$ باشد، اندازه $x + y$ را بدست آورید .

مثال 84) اگر $\log_2(\sin 10^\circ) = a$ باشد، مقدار $\log_2 \frac{\sin 20^\circ + \sin 40^\circ}{\sin 20^\circ}$ را بدست آورید .

مثال 85) اگر $a + b = 60^\circ$ باشد، حاصل $\frac{\cos^2 a - \sin^2 b}{\cos(a-b)}$ را بدست آورید .

مثال 86) اگر a و b و c سه جمله متوالی یک دنباله عددی با قدر نسبت d باشند $\cos a + \cos c$ را بدست آورید .